NLC Climate Change Work Group Module 03: Climate Change Adaptation Workshop



February 13, 2025

Agenda



Climate Change Workgroup

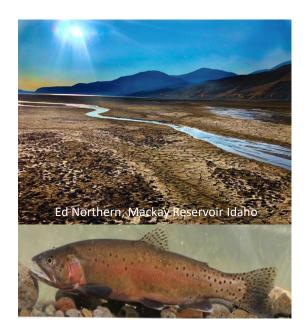
- History
- Mission

Climate Change Resource Modules

- Module I Coordinator Role
- Module 2 Science
- Module 3 Adaptation
- Module 4 Advocacy
- Module 5 Education

Next Steps

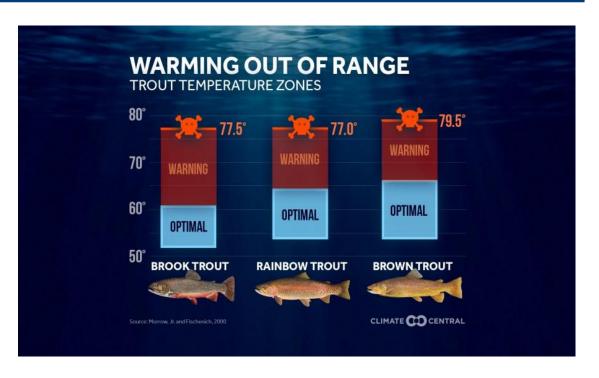
- Conduct training
- Continue recruiting coordinators







Founded in 2013 to raise awareness of climate change.



Climate Change Work Group Mission



Empower TU members to become **effective champions** for TU climate change policy and initiatives, in their communities, regionally and nationally, through science-based education, communication, and advocacy.





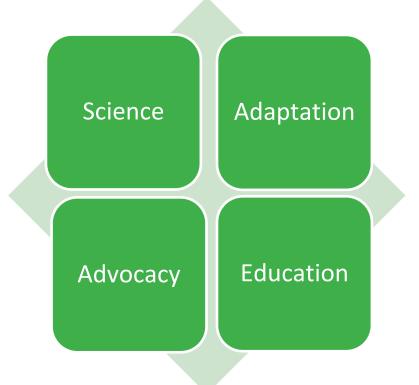


Our most effective messaging is peer-to-peer!



CCWG Resource Modules





CCWG Module Resources



- Tools
- Tips
- Facts
- References
- Links
- Contacts

Note that third party perspectives and opinions presented in the resources and examples may not be endorsed by TU.



Module 02: Science

You can draw upon and adapt the CCWG resources to your own situation and outlets such as newsletters, websites and social media, in person presentations, articles, and more ...

Climate Change Coordinator Training - Trout Unlimited



Climate Change Coordinator Training

Home > Get Involved > Volunteer Tacklebox > Council Leader Resources > National Leadership Council > NLC Conservation Workgroups > Climate Change Workgroup > Clim

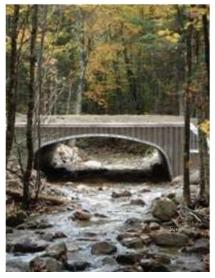






Long Mountain Brook culvert replacement









Module 03: Climate Change Adaptation

Goal

Adapt streams to lessen the adverse effects of climate change on fish habitat and to build resilience to future changes.

Purposes

The Adaptation Module provides a variety of Climate Change resources and examples are intended to help Climate Change Coordinators and others seek ways to involve their state and local chapter TU members and the public in science-based efforts to address the impact of climate change.

- Work with council and chapter leaders to incorporate climate change adaptation into council and chapter plans.
- Bring climate science to bear on habitat projects to make them resilient to climate change.
- Engage in streamside conversations about the climate chance impacts of higher stream temperatures, flooding, and drought on fishing by organizing on-stream tours and fishing events that incorporate discussions of impacts and solutions.

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RESOURCE 04: HIGHLIGHT YOUR COLLABORATIVE WORK OTHER LOCAL CONSERVATION ORGANIZATIONS, EXAMPLES OF LOCAL COLLABORATIVE CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION EFFORTS

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RESOURCE 09: TIPS ON HOW TO CONDUCT EFFECTIVE PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT



RESOURCE 01: TU's Policy on Climate Change

RESOURCE 02: Climate Change & Trout: Impacts,

Opinions & Ways you can help



RESOURCE 01: TU's Policy

- I. Conserve land and water to increase the natural storage of carbon.
- **2. Mitigate the effects** of a hotter, drier, more turbulent climate.
- Reduce the U.S. carbon footprint, including greenhouse gas emissions, and encourage renewable energy.





RESOURCE 02: What TU is Doing and How You Can Help

- TU helps with the 3 primary strategies for dealing with climate change (adaptation, sequestration, and mitigation).
- TU helps and can help more by pairing science with actions.
- You can take opportunities to reduce legacy impacts for fish and habitat and advocate for smart policy.



PRIMARY RESEARCH ARTICLE

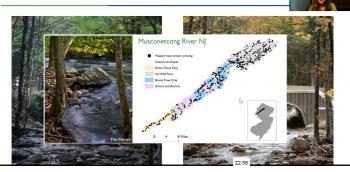
WILEY Global Change Biology

Carbon sequestration in riparian forests: A global synthesis and meta-analysis





And there is LOTS to do:





Beaver Creek, Virginia



Before, 2010

After, 2011

After, 2017



Sequestration



TU plants 10s of thousands of trees annually: Montana Blackfoot Chapter Planted 18,000 in one project!



We primarily focus on fish habitat: but these riparian plantings not only create shade and cover, stabilize banks, and provide food inputs for trout (i.e., that adaptation)...

26:05



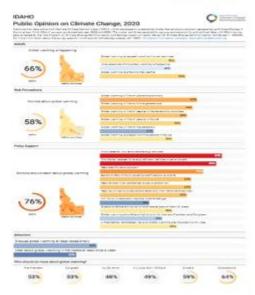
What You Can Do:

- Talk to your acquaintances, family, representatives about climate change
 - stream walks or in-district fishing outings
 - short videos for use in advocating to congressional members

Click to generate fact sheets for your state, districts, etc:



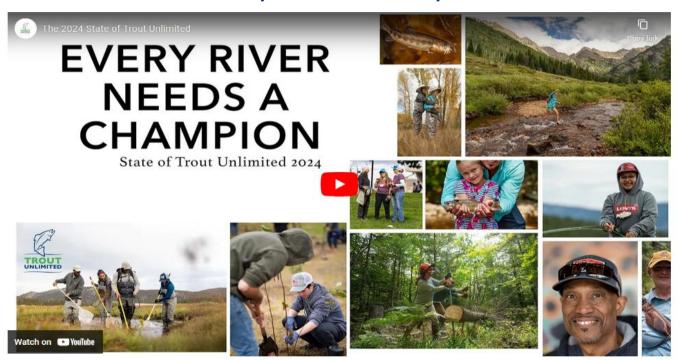
https://climatecommunication.yale.
 edu/visualizations-data/factsheets/







Do what you can where you are!





RESOURCE 03: My Healthy Stream: A Handbook for Streamside Owners

RESOURCE 04: Examples of Local Collaborative Climate Change Adaptation Efforts

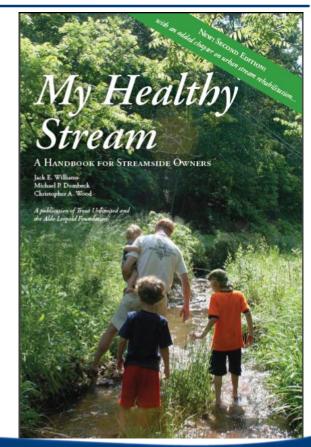
RESOURCE 05: Trout Unlimited Embrace-A-Stream (EAS) Grant Program



RESOURCE 03

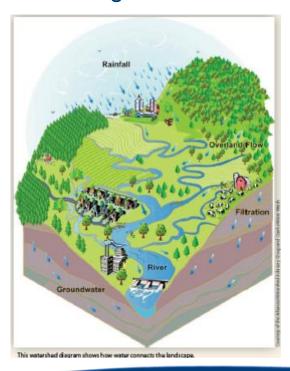
A Handbook for Streamside Owners (TU)

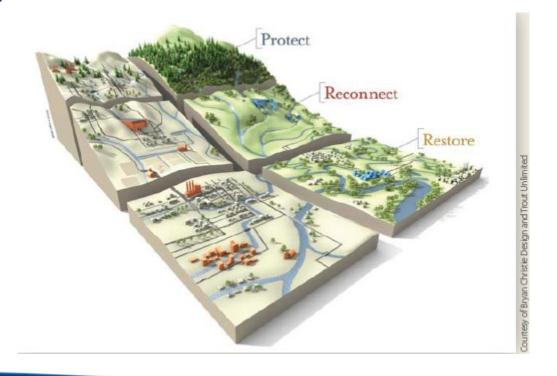
- 1 Celebrating Healthy Streams
- 2 Thinking Like a Watershed
- 3 Everything Trout Need
- 4 Keeping an Eye on Stream Condition
- 5 Bugs, Frogs, and Water Quality
- 6 Riparian Areas: Streamside Habitat
- 7 Healing Troubled Waters
- 8 Urban Stream Rehabilitation
- 9 Stopping Invasive Species
- 10 Dealing with Extreme Weather: Floods and Drought
- II Planning for Stream Health
- 12 More Resources, Funding, and Partners





- Thinking Like a Watershed







4 – Keeping an Eye on Stream Condition

What can monitoring tell you?

- 1. What condition your stream is in and whether it is improving or degrading over time;
- 2. What kind of restoration work is most needed;
- 3. How effective management changes are in achieving the desired condition; and
- 4. How to distinguish between changes caused by management actions or natural variation.

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County											
DATE:											
Names o	of Crew	r:									
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REACH S	TARTING	POINT:									
REACH E	NDING I	POINT									
Surveying direction (circle one): Upstream Downstream											
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SPECIAL	FEATURI	ES OF TH	IIS REACI	н:		Pero	ents	ubst	rate	com	posii
	Down-		Transect	Transect	Transect	Pero					_
Upstream width	Down-	Max. depth				_					_
Upstream	Down- stream	Мах.	Transect #1	Transect	Transect #3	_	ent s				_
Upstream	Down- stream	Мах.	Transect #1	Transect	Transect #3	_					_
Upstream	Down- stream	Мах.	Transect #1	Transect	Transect #3	_					_
Upstream	Down- stream	Мах.	Transect #1	Transect	Transect #3	_					_



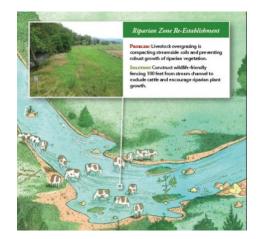
7 – Healing Troubled Waters

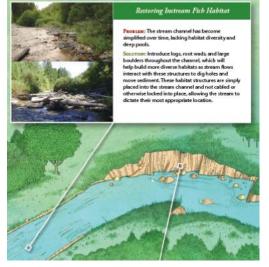
Different challenges call for different restoration projects. Monitoring your stream can help you determine your restoration priorities and direct you to which methods will be most effective.

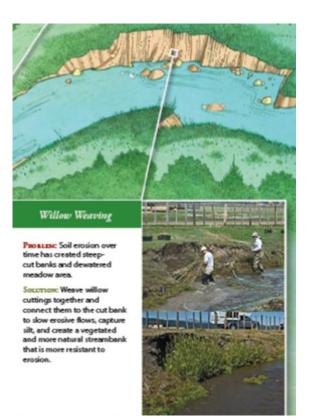
Keys to successful stream restoration projects

- 1. Address the root causes of decline rather than simply the symptoms (remember, the root causes may be outside your property boundary);
- 2. If root causes are not on your property, you may be forced to treat symptoms until root cause of decline can be addressed;
- 3. Work with natural forces of stream flow and erosion and assist the stream in healing itself;
- 4. Add structure with boulders, logs, and root wads placed unrestrained into the stream;
- 5. Don't rely on fixed, artificial structures, which can cause erosion problems during high flows; and
- Be adaptive: watch how your stream functions at different flows and with different treatments and adjust management accordingly.



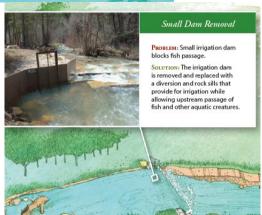


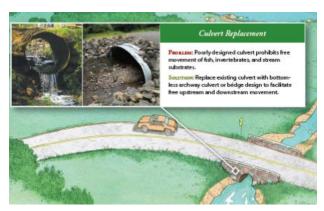
















8 – Urban Stream Rehabilitation

Common Urban Conditions	Resulting Stream Problems
Stream channels are straightened and deepened.	Habitat quality declines and erosion increases at higher flows.
Impervious surfaces such as roads, rooftops, and parking lots dominate the landscape.	Runoff is accelerated, flows are flashy, and stream baseflows decrease.
Native streamside plant communities are eliminated.	Streamsides are often dominated by a few weedy species, little shade to cool water, and few downed trees and boulders for fish habitat.
Wetlands are filled.	No natural wetland habitat remain to filter runoff from upland areas or dissipate the energy of floods.
Pollutants increase, especially polluted runoff from streets and lawns.	Oil, pesticides, and herbicides decrease the ability of streams to support plants, insects, and fish.
Lawns are overwatered.	Water available for stream habitat is depleted.

Use rain barrels to collect rainwater.	Rain barrels reduce stormwater runoff from your property and provide water for later use.
Construct water bars and vegetated swales to collect runoff.	Swales are shallow, vegetated area that collect rainwater and allows it to infiltrate into the ground.
Provide streamside buffer zones.	A wide strip of native vegetation should be provided along streams to filter out pollutants from upstream areas.
Construct rain gardens.	These are bowl-shaped gardens that use soil, mulch and plants to capture and filter runoff.
Use pervious walkway pavers.	Use walkway stones that have openings that allow water to soak through.
Use water wisely.	Avoid overwatering and runoff. Sweep sidewalks and driveways rather than wash them.
Never dump wastes, including grass clippings, into storm drains.	Most storm drains feed directly to streams without going through water treatment facilities.



Is your landscape trout friendly?

- Have you eliminated or minimized your use of fertilizers and pesticides?
- Have you found alternatives to grass lawns that incorporate native plants?
- Do you conserve water by incorporating drought-tolerant plantings and other means?
- Do you dispose of yard waste and grass clippings properly and never into lake or streams?



4 Steps You Can Take to Improve Urban Streams

- 1. Reduce your use of pesticides and herbicides
- 2. Manage stormwater runoff
- 3. Restore streamside zones
- 4. Support local stream rehabilitation efforts



RESOURCE 04: Example of Local Collaborative Climate Change Adaptation Efforts

Create a spreadsheet of Volunteer Conservation

Opportunities that are offered by your chapter and /

or other conservation organizations in your area.



- MLK Day of Service Restoration Event
- National Trails Day Restoration Project
- Rise Up Northwest in Unity: Education, Cultural Awareness, Solution Formation (developing concrete solutions and strategies to bolster the Northwest resilience)
- The Wetlands Conservancy Father's Day bullfrog wrangle!
 Monthly Cleanup



- Clackamas River Basin Council and We Love Clean River 20th Anniversary of the Clackamas Down the River cleanup!
- North Clackamas Watersheds Council
- Johnson Creek Watershed Council and Leach Botanical Garden
- The Tualatin Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) -Naturescaping: Basics Webinar
- Tualatin River Watershed Council Revegetation of Balm Grove
 Dam Removal area on Gales Creek



- Clean Water Services
- Tualatin Hills Parks and Recreation District Earth and Arbor Day Celebration
- City of Sherwood Woodhaven Natural Area Planting
- City of Tualatin Family Restoration Project
- Native Fish Society White Salmon Spawning Surveys,
 Women For Wild Fish Summer Campout!
- Friends of Trees Tree For All



- Tualatin River National Wildlife Refuge Friends of the Refuge
- Tualatin Riverkeepers
- Willamette River Keepers
- Eugene-Springfield River Guardians Trashy Tuesday
- Deschutes River Conservancy Lava Island Fish Rescue
- Friends of the Columbia Gorge



Dates & Times	Location & Description of Activity	Organization, Approval, Registration	Materials/Equipment	Other Info.
Saturday March 9, 2024, 9:00–12:00	Balm Grove Restoration. Join us to lay down mulch at this unique location in the town of Gales Creek, where Gales Creek joins the Tualatin River, the last step in this Tualatin River Watershed Council Funded Project.	Tualatin Riverkeepers http://tualati nriverkeepers .org/events/b alm-grove- restoration- project	Gloves and other equipment provided for mulching around the planted locations. Dress for the weather.	Clean Water Services owns and stewards this land and facilitated the removal of the dam. Friends of Trees is restoring the site



Tualatin River Watershed Council Funded Balm Grove Restoration Project

Trout Unlimited

Tree For All

Clean Water Services

The Intertwine Alliance

<u>Metro</u>

Northwest Steelheaders

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife

Tualatin Riverkeepers

Tualatin Soil and Water Conservation District



Gales Creek aquatic life returning above demolished Balm Grove dam

https://www.hillsboronewstimes.com/news/local/gales-creek-aquatic-life-returning-above-demolished-balm-grove-dam/article_1f605de4-c590-5fdd-8275-d48c27039263.html







Gales Creek aquatic life returning

The removal of a small dam along Gales Creek at Balm Grove late last summer is expected to welcome the upriver return of winter steelhead, Pacific lamprey, coho salmon, cutthroat trout, mountain fish and more.

Gales Creek, whose headwaters begin in the Northern Oregon Coast Range, has long been known as a premier stream for fishing. However, except for those fish that are "really good jumpers," it has been all but impossible for most fish to... See more



HILLSBORONEWSTIMES.COM

Gales Creek aquatic life returning above demolished Balm Grove dam

In September, a small concrete dam was removed from the creek at Balm Grove.



MEETING PRESENTATION







PROGRAM NOVEMBER CHAPTER MEETING

WILLIAMS CREEK
SALMON AND STEELHEAD
RECLAMATION PROJECT-RAPID BIOASSESSMENT AND
eDNA APPLICATIONS PROJECT FUTURE

ANTONELLA FILLET—Project Manager SCOTT McEWEN—Executive Director TUALATIN WATERSHED COUNCIL



RESOURCE 05

Since 1975, TU's

Embrace A Stream
(EAS) grant program
has awarded more
than \$4.9 million in
funding to over 1,150
local conservation,
science and education
projects.





Trout Unlimited Embrace A Stream Program

1.1K likes • 1.2K followers







EAS WILL fund:

On-the-ground restoration, protection, or conservation efforts that benefit trout and salmon fisheries and their habitats.



EAS Criteria

- Conservation Impact
- Strengthening TU Impact
- Public Education and Outreach
- Technical Merit



Greater Boston Chapter
Urban and Suburban Threats to Trout: Lessons from the Northeast









A joint venture between Mollyockett and Sebago Trout Unlimited Chapters Grant Aldrich Brook, Parkertown TWP





Canandaigua Lake Chapter Naples Reconnect Project





Designed the rock placement and grading to achieve the desired stepped riffle pools below the problem culverts to ease wild migratory rainbow trout passage from Canandaigua Lake.



RESOURCE 06: TU Training

RESOURCE 07: TU Headwaters Youth Programs

RESOURCE 08: TU Priority Waters: Get Your Hands Dirty



RESOURCE 06: TU Training



Sean Sieler
National Engagement Coordinator





RESOURCE 06: TU Training



Sean Sieler
National Engagement Coordinator



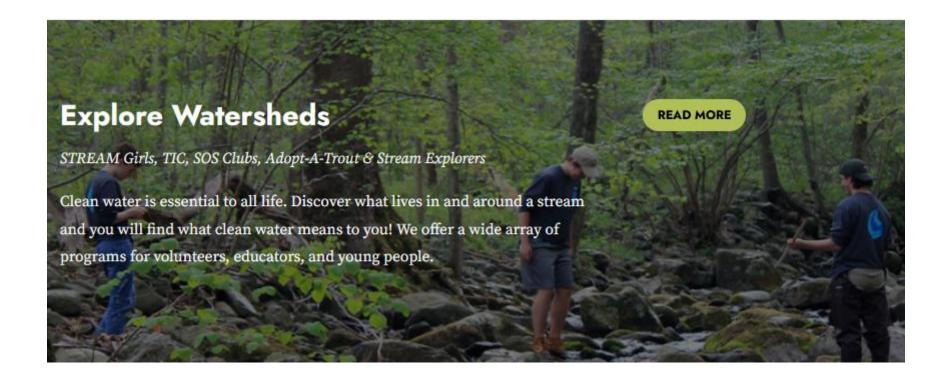
RESOURCE 07: Trout Unlimited Headwaters Youth Programs













Headwater Youth Education

Cecily Nordstrom, Stream Education Manager, STEM/STREAM K-12 education initiatives





Headwater Youth Education

Cliff Watson, Youth Fly Fishing Programs Manager

5 Rivers College Clubs



TU High School Student Clubs





Headwater Youth Education

Zoe Mihalas – Trout Unlimited chapter and council sponsored camps and academies



https://www.tu.org/conservation/outreach-education/headwaters-youth-program/explore-fishing/tu-summer-camps-and-academies/



RESOURCE 08 Priority Waters







RESOURCE 08 Priority Waters: Restoration

The promise of Priority Waters is the marriage of our network of professional field staff with *the army of grassroots supporters*and volunteers who care deeply about these waters.



RESOURCE 08: Priority Waters: Restoration

WATCH



We Are Trout Unlimited



RESOURCE 08: Priority Waters: Restoration

READ



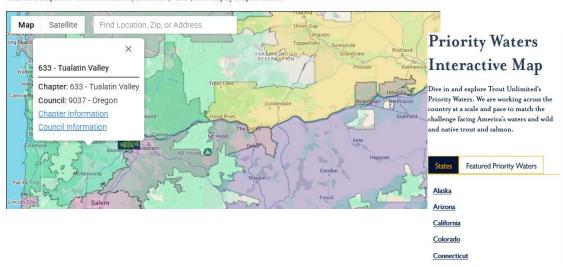


RESOURCE 08: Priority Waters: Restoration

CONNECT: With your <u>local TU chapter</u> or <u>state-specific staff</u> to participate in or help design a restoration effort on your local priority water.

Chapter Map

Click on a chapter for more information, and zoom (+ and -) in to display chapter names.







RESOURCE 08: Priority Waters: Restoration

SIGN UP: Help Priority Waters Thrive

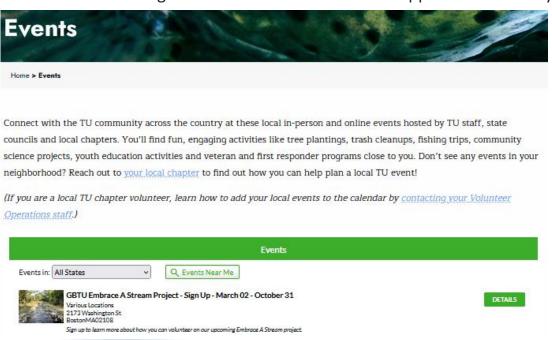


Take our volunteer survey and let us know how and where you'd like to help.



RESOURCE 08 Priority Waters: Restoration

BROWSE: The TU Events Page to find hands-on restoration opportunities near you.



CCWG Resource Modules



Module 03: Adaptation

RESOURCE 09: When I talk about Climate Change, I don't talk about science

RESOURCE 10: Tips on How to Conduct Effective Public Engagement





Our most effective messaging is PERSON TO PERSON!



Module 02: Science



RESOURCE 12: When I talk about Climate Change, I Don't Talk about Science

- I talk about Fishing.
- I talk about Flooding.
- I talk about Farming.
- I talk about Faith.
- I talk about the Future.

By Andrew Thaler Southern Fried Science











What's the #1 reason people care about climate change?

Science says it's LOVE—especially for the next generation.

Katharine Hayhoe

@science moms
potentialenergycoalition



Module 02: Science

RESOURCE 13: Tips on How to Conduct Effective Public Engagement

The six principles of effective public engagement

- Be a confident communicator.
- Talk about the real world, not abstract ideas.
- Connect with what matters most to your audience.
- Tell a human story.
- Lead with what you know.
- Use effective visuals in your communication.

American Fisheries Society

Climate Change Coordinator Training Plan





January 16 – Science Workshop February 13 – Adaptation Workshop March 13 – Advocacy Workshop April 10 – Education Workshop

NLC Climate Change Work Group Website



Climate Change Coordinator Training - Trout Unlimited recordings of the introductory Climate Change Coordinator and the recent workshops.

And a PDF with the Climate Change Resource modules on Science, Adaptation, Advocacy and Education.

URL for CCC Resources and Recordings https://www.tu.org/ClimateChangeCoordinator



NLC Climate Change Work Group



Please join us!

CCWG Module Development Team

Chair, Jeff Holzem - jeff2002h@yahoo.com

Co-chair, Peter Gray - bccpjgray@yahoo.com

Neal Anderson, Debbie McKay, Paul Mckay, Mark van Roojen, Peter Tovar